10 - Challenge questions and secondary authentication

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Today!

- Terminology
- Warmup: what are some secondary authentication methods?
- What desirable properties should secondary authentication have?
- Case study: Attackers exploiting secondary authentication
- Group exercise: create a secondary authentication method
- "It's no secret" paper

Terminology

- Two types of secondary authentication:
 - Two- (or multi-) factor authentication where secondary authentication is used in conjunction with primary authentication
 - Account reset where secondary authentication is used when the primary authentication is lost/forgotten/invalidated

Secondary authentication methods

- Answer challenge questions (both)
- E-mail with key/link (both)
- SMS with key/link (both)
- Smartphone (both)
- Provide old passwords (reset)
- Trusted 3rd party verification (reset)
- Printed secrets or code book (two-factor)
- USB dongle (two-factor)
- Identify your friends in photos (both)
- Biometrics (voice, fingerprint, palm, iris, keystrokes, mouse, pressure) (two-factor)

Desired properties

- Widely (universally) applicable
- Easy to use
- Easy to remember
- Should be consistent over time
- Hard to guess (large search space)
- Hard to research answers
- More secure than primary authentication (for account reset)
- Should not take too long
- Can be revoked

- Blizzard authenticator
- Time-synchronous token
- When logging in, you press the button on the authenticator and enter the generated number
- The server was synchronized with the token when it was created, so it can confirm if the number is correct



- Why do people pay for this authenticator?
- Game accounts (particularly World of Warcraft) can be worth hundreds to thousands of US dollars
- Many, many vanity-related items that are purchased with USD, limited-time only, or require high skill/luck to obtain
- Strong incentive to steal accounts and then sell them to others OR steal in-game currency to sell to others



- So what's the problem?
- Thieves steal accounts and then add their own authenticator!
- More time to sell the account or to use the account to obtain more gold via social engineering
- Removing an authenticator currently requires sending in a copy of your government-issued ID
- Several days of delay, assuming you have an ID available

 How can you preserve the effectiveness of secondary authentication without allowing an attacker to use the authentication against you?

Group exercise

- Design a secondary authentication mechanism
 - Could be some good challenge questions
 - Could be an entirely different method
- Keep in mind:
 - Who will be using this?
 - What are the most important attributes for your mechanism?

"It's no secret" paper

- What recruitment method was used for this study?
- Do you think this method would introduce bias into the study?
- What other method(s) would you have used to recruit subjects for a study like this?